CITY OF ROLLING HILLS,

KENTUCKY

REPORT OF AUDIT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Council of the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky

#### **Opinions**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the aggerate remaining fund information of The City of Rolling Hills, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise The City of Rolling Hill's basic financial statement listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of The City of Rolling Hills, as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of The City of Rolling Hills and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit options.

#### Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The City of Rolling Hills's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omission, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

The City of Rolling Hills Opinion letter Pg. 2

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and discloser in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of The City of Rolling Hills's internal control.
  Accordingly no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgement, there are conditions or events, considering in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The City of Rolling Hlls's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that I identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3-6 and 21-22 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistence with our audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express and opinion or provide and assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated September 12, 2025 on my consideration of The City of Rolling Hills's internal control over financial reporting and on tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards in considering The City of Rolling Hills's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Richard F. Paulmann CPA, LLC

Pewee Valley, KY September 12, 2025

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#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

The management of the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky desires to offer the readers of these financial statements this narrative and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

#### Financial Highlights

During the fiscal year 2025, the City had general revenues of \$392,283, an increase from 2024 of \$14,293. This was mainly caused by an increase in insurance premium tax. Total expenditures for fiscal year 2025 were \$343,335, representing a decrease of \$133,563. With revenues exceeding expenditures by \$48,948, the City's Net Assets increased from \$538,573 to \$615,748.

The financial position of the City remains strong. Tax revenues remain consistent as well as operating expenses. The general fund balance at June 30, 2025 was \$615,748, an increase of \$21,825. Non-major governmental funds balance was \$64,916, an increase of \$22,481. Total fund balances increase \$77,175 or 12%. The non-major governmental fund balance is restricted for roads. The general fund balance is not restricted and is available for future use.

The ending cash balance for the City was \$608,092. This reflects an decrease in cash during the year of \$92,473.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky's basic financial statements. These statements consist of three components: 1) government wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The government-wide financial statements consist of a statement of net position, and a statement of activities.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)**

Government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky's activities include administration, law enforcement, public works and waste management. Capital outlays and related debt are also supported by these revenue sources. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 7-11 of this report.

Fund financial statements are a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The basic government fund financial statements can be found on pages 7-11 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 12-20 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

Current and other assets Investments Receivables Prepaids Capital Assets and Land Total Assets	\$ FYE'25 Amount 78,524 529,568 34,810 -0- 635,195 1,278,097	\$ FYE'24 Amount 36,717 663,848 25,561 -0- 677,423 1,403,549	\$ Increase (Decrease) 41,807 (134,280) 9,249 -0- (42,228) (125,452)
Payables Accrued Expenses Deferred Grant Revenue Notes Payable Total Liabilities	\$ 27,154 -0- -0- 128,750 155,904	\$ 187,553 -0- -0- 143,750 331,303	\$ (160,400) -0- -0- (15,000) (175,400)
Invested In Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Assets	\$ 536,445 64,916 520,832 1,122,193	\$  563,673 9,574 498,999 1,072,246	\$ (42,228) 22,481 69,695 49,948

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky's activities include administration, law enforcement, public works and waste management. Capital outlays and related debt are also supported by these revenue sources. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 7-11 of this report.

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Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 12-20 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

	FYE'25 Amount	FYE'24 Amount	Increase (Decrease)
Current and other assets	\$ 139,681	\$ 36,717	\$ 102,964
Investments	468,411	663,848	(195,437)
Receivables	34,810	25,561	9,249
Prepaids	-0-	-0-	-0-
Capital Assets and Land	635,195	 677,423	 (42,228)
Total Assets	\$ 1,278,097	\$ 1,403,549	\$ (125,452)
Payables	\$ 27,154	\$ 187,553	(160,400)
Accrued Expenses	-0-	-0-	-0-
Deferred Grant Revenue	-0-	-0-	-0-
Notes Payable	 128,750	143,750	 (15,000)
Total Liabilities	\$ 155,904	\$ 331,303	\$ (175,400)
Invested In Capital Assets	\$ 536,445	\$ 563,673	\$ (42,228)
Restricted	64,916	9,574	22,481
Unrestricted	 520,832	 498,999	69,695
Total Net Assets	\$ 1,122,193	\$ 1,072,246	\$ 49,948

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

The statement of Net Position shows that the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky has assets of \$1,278,097 with liabilities of \$155,904. Of the \$1,278,097 total assets, \$635,195 is comprised of capital assets, net of depreciation. During fiscal year 2025, the total capital assets, net of depreciation decreased by \$42,228 or 6 %. This decrease was mostly due to the depreciation of current assets.

**Supplementary Information** 

Budgetary comparisons of the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund are shown are pages 21-22. These schedules show the original budget as approved and the final budget. The statement also shows a comparison of this final budget to "Actual". The actual is a modified accrual basis that reflects items received or paid for after the fiscal year end. The budget is also prepared on a modified accrual basis. Actual expenditures were under budget in every category. The Municipal Road Aid Fund were also not amended during the fiscal year.

Following is a comparative statement of activities. Expenses are shown net of operating grants.

		FYE'25	FYE'24		Increase
General Revenue		Amount	Amount		Decrease
Property Taxes	\$	165,761	\$ 163,933	\$	1,828
Insurance Premium Taxes		105,130	79,408		25,722
Franchise Fees		5,399	5,529		(130)
Municipal Road Aid		20,342	23,012		(2,670)
Grants		4,560	14,915		(10,355)
Business License and Permits		3,800	3,500		300
Bank Franchise Fees		36,051	37,777		(1,726)
Property License Fee		14,200	13,600		600
Misc.		11,269	1,856_		9,416
Total General Revenue	\$	366,512	\$ 343,530	\$	22,982
Net Expenses					
General Government	\$	134,490	\$ 86,152	\$	(48,338)
Public Safety		117,605	129,444		11,839
Public Works		35,100	 41,917	_\$_	6,817
Total Net Expense	\$	287,195	\$ 257,513	\$	(29,682)
Debit and interest Payments	\$	(19,672)	\$ (20,159)		487
Capital Assets		(9,239)	(199,226)		189,987
Interest Income		26,769	35,455		(8,686)
Total Other Income/Expense	_\$_	(2,142)	 15,296		(181,788)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	77,175	\$ (97,913)	\$	175,088
Beginning Fund Balance		538,573	 636,486		(97,913)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	615,748	\$ 538,573	\$	77,175

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

**Summary** 

The current financial statement reporting model is mandated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky implemented these changes in 2004.

**Request for Information** 

This report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability to its residents. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please direct your request to the City Mayor, City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky, P.O.Box 22445, Rolling Hills, Kentucky, 40252.

#### CITY OF ROLLING HILLS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION June 30, 2025

	 ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (Note 1)	\$ 13,608 529,568 34,810
Cash and cash equivalents restricted (Note 1)  Municipal Road Fund  Capital assets: (Note 3)	64,916
Land Capital Assets, net of \$352,291 depreciation	 256,640 378,555
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,278,097
LIABILIITES  Accounts payable	\$ 27,154
LONG TERM LIABILITES  Due within 1 year  Due in more than one year	15,000 113,750
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 155,904
NET POSITION  Invested in capital assets, net of related debt  Restricted for:	536,445 64,916
Municipal Road Aid Unrestricted	 520,832
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,122,193

#### CITY OF ROLLING HILLS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2025

			PROGRAM R	EVENUES		NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
Functions/Programs	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS	CAPITA GRAN		GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
Primary Government: Governmental Activites:						
General government	\$ (77,705)		\$ 4,560			\$ (73,145)
Public Works	(230,530)	5,754		\$ 20,3	342	(204,434)
Public Safety	(35,100)	4,933			-	(30,167)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ (343,335)	10,687	\$ 4,560	\$ \$ 20,3	342	(307,746)
	General Revenue	es:				
	Property Taxe	s Leived for G	eneral Purpose			165,762
	Insurance Pre	mium Taxes				105,130
	Bank Franchis	se deposit tax				36,051
	License and p	ermits				-
	Franchise Fee					3,800
	Rental Proper	ty License Fee				14,200
	Misc. Income					582
	Interest Incon	ne				32,168
	Total General F	Revenues				357,693
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION				49,947
	NET POSITION, E	eginning of ye	ear			1,072,246
	NET POSITION, 6	end of year			\$	1,122,193

## BALANCE SHEET --GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND RECONCILATION OF THE GOVERNMENT FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITON

June 30, 2025

		GENERAL	GOVE	I-MAJOR RNMENTAL UNDS	GOVE	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS						
	Cash and cash equivalents Investments - Money Market Cash and cash equivalents -restricted Receivables (Note 1) Due from Special Revenue Fund	\$ 13,608 529,568 34,810	\$	64,916 -	\$	13,608 529,568 64,916 34,810
	Total Assets	\$ 577,986	\$	64,916	\$	642,902
LIABILITIE	S AND FUND BALANCE					
	LIABILITIES  Accounts payable and payroll liabilities	\$. 27,154	\$	ü	\$	27,154
	Total Liabilties	27,154		-		27,154
	FUND BALANCES					
	Unassigned Restricted	550,832		64,916		550,832 64,916
	Total Fund Balances	550,832		64,916		615,748
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 577,986	\$	64,916	\$	642,902
	TOTAL GOVENMENTAL FUND BALANCE				\$	615,748
	Amounts reported for governmental activites in the statement of net assets are different because:					
	Capital assets and loan cost, net of accumulated and amortization, used in governmental activite financial resources and, therefore. are not repor	s are not				635,195
	Long-term debt, including capital leases that are and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the funds statements					(128,750)
	NET POSITION				\$	1,122,193

# CITY OF ROLLING HILLS, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	G	ENERAL	GOVE	N-MAJOR RNMENTAL FUNDS	GOVE	FOTAL RNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES	<u> </u>	165,761			\$	165,761
Property taxes, including interest and penalty	~	105,130			·	105,130
Insurance premium taxes		5,399				5,399
Franchise fees		5,000	\$	20,342		20,342
Municipal road aid		4,560	•	,		4,560
Grants		4,933				4,933
Police		5,754				5,754
Sanitation		3,800				3,800
License and permits		36,051				36,051
Bank Franchise Fees		14,200				14,200
Property License fees		582				582
Miscellanous						
Total Revenue		346,170		20,342		366,512
EXPENDITURES						424.400
General government		134,490				134,490
Public Works		117,605		=		117,605
Public Safety		35,100				35,100
Total Expenditures		287,195		-		287,195
EXCESS REVENUE OVER(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		58,975		20,342		79,317 -
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						-
Operating transfers in						-
Operating transfers out						_
New loan proceeds						-
Debt and Interest payments		(19,672)				(19,672)
Capital assets		(9,239)				(9,239)
Interest earned		24,630		2,139		26,769
Total other financing sources and uses		(4,281)		2,139		(2,142)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		54,694		22,481		77,175
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of the year		496,138		42,435		538,573
FUND BALANCE, End of the year	\$	550,832	\$	64,916	\$	615,748

# CITY OF ROLLING HILLS, KENTUCKY RECONCILATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED, JUNE 30, 2025

Net change of fund balance-total governmental fund	\$	77,175
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are difference because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization/expense		
This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded net capital outlays in the current period		42,228
Governmental funds report long-term debt borrowings as revenues and long-term debt payments as expenditures. However, the results of these transactions are reflected as cchanges in debt on the statement of net assets and not on the statement of activities.		
This is the amount by which principal payments exceeded borrowings on the long-term debtr during the current period.		15,000
Governmental funds report revenue that provide current financial resources. This the amount in receivables that do not provide current financial resourcces:		
Property Taxes		
Change in net position reflected on statement of activity	\$ _	49,947

#### NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

#### Financial Reporting Entity

The City operates under a Mayor- Commission form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: streets, sanitation, public improvements, police protection and general administrative services. The City is a home rule Class City as defined by Kentucky Statute.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities reflect financial information of the City as a whole. These statements include: the primary government and its component units if applicable. Government—wide statements distinguish between governmental and business — type activities. Currently, the City does not engage in any business-type activities nor have any reportable component units.

The governmental -wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements.

These financial statements follow the provisions of GASB Statement "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments."

Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Currently the city does not engage in any business-type activities.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government—wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure.

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt- This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and are reduced by the outstanding balance of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there is significant unspent proceeds at year-end, the portion of debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt. The portion of the debt included in the same net position component as unspent proceeds

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Restricted</u> - This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net position-This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".</u>

The City's policy is to use restricted assets first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Net Activities reflect information of the City as a whole. These statements include the primary government and its component units if applicable. Governmental-wide statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Currently, the City does not engage in any business-type, inter-governmental revenues, and non-exchange revenue type activities.

The statement of activities presents direct expenses, which are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1), grants from the State of Kentucky for public safety/police protection 2), Kentucky Municipal Aid grants for public safety/road improvements, repairs and maintenance. Taxes and other revenue items are reported as general revenues.

Long- term debt is reflected on the statement of net assets and principal payments on long- term debt are reported as reductions of long- term debt.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The City uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions relating to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds of the City's general activities including the collection of legally restricted monies, administrative expense and the acquisition or construction of capital assets.

The government reports the following funds of the financial reporting entity: The general fund is the government's primary operating fund, and is considered the City's only major governmental fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The City accounts for Kentucky municipal road aid, the local government economic assistance in the special revenue funds group. Municipal road aid is restricted to road construction, repairs and maintenance.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government -wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred; regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues are recognized in the year for which they are due. This method differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements of governmental funds. Expenses are classified by function.

The government- wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business – type activities of the City and for each governmental program. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. The City's program revenue for the year included charges for services and operating grants including police grants and municipal aid road grants. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenue and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self- financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis to accounting for governmental fund types. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues when they are measurable and available. Measurable means the amount can be determined.

Available means collectible within the period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considers property taxes as available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. A ninety-day period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Also, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for capital asset acquisitions and general obligation debt and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

#### **Budgetary Accounting**

The budget information reflected in the financial statements is the annual budget adopted by the City in accordance with the provisions of Kentucky law. It is presented to the Council in the form of an ordinance and may be amended by subsequent ordinance or by municipal order.

## NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedules**

As required by generally accepted governmental accounting principles, the budget comparison schedules have been prepared in the same form as the legally adopted budget; therefore, its form varies somewhat from the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances on page 18. The City prepares its annual budget on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with the amounts reflected in the fund's financial statements. During the year, the City did not amended its general fund budget.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as money market accounts. For purposes of these financial statements the City considers as cash equivalents all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased and readily convertible to cash.

Generally, the City's investing activities are managed under the custody of the City Treasurer. Investing is performed in accordance with investing policies complying with state statues and the City Charter. City funds may be invested in: (1) obligation of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities, (2) obligations of any corporation of the United States government, (3) certificates of deposit in institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and (4) bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, certificate of deposit, money market savings accounts, repurchase agreement, passbooks and other available bank investment provided that such financial institutions are insured by an agency of the U.S. Government. Investment in excess of the insured amount must be secured with approved securities pledged by the financial institution.

As of June 30, 2025, \$64,916 was restricted for road construction and related repairs.

#### **Property Taxes and Property Tax Receivable**

Property taxes are levied as of October 1, on assessed value listed as of the proceeding January 1 for all real and personal property located in the City. The tax assessed for the year ended June 30, 2025 to finance general fund operations was based on \$.1835 per \$100 assed valuation for real and personal property. The gross tax (or face value) is due if paid by September 1; and 20% penalty is assessed of paid after September 1 with 1% per month interest after September 1. A lien may be placed on the property if balance is not paid within six months

The statement of net position reflects property taxes receivable for amounts billed during the year ended June 30, 20223 and prior, for which tax liens have been placed on the properties.

The balance sheet – governmental funds reflected properties taxes receivable for accounts collected within sixty days after year end in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting. None of the delinquent tax bills at June 30, 2025 have been collected during the ensuing sixty day period.

## NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Insurance Premium Taxes

Insurance premium taxes are assessed at a tax rate of 5 %. The tax is assessed on first year life insurance premiums and on non-life premiums except for health insurance policies issued to individuals and state employees.

#### **Prepaid Expenses**

Prepaid expenses represent payments to vendors that benefit future reporting periods. Prepaid expenses are reported in government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Due from General Fund

Certain revenues are temporarily deposited into the General Fund bank account on behalf of the Municipal Road Aid Fund and the other Funds and are expected to be reimbursed within the following fiscal period.

#### Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long—lived assets of the City as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the government fund statements and capitalized (recorded and accounted for) in the government-wide statements of net assets.

Effective for the year ended June 30, 2004, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 34. One of the requirements of GASB 34 is to capitalized and depreciate infrastructure expenditures and other capital assets. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical costs, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost.

Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses; renewals and betterments are capitalized. The City's policy is to record as capital assets those expenditures amounting to \$1,000 and over with useful lives of three years or more.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 42 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and Insurance Recoveries, City's management evaluates prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting capital assets to determine whether impairment of capital assets has occurred. A capital asset is generally considered impaired if both (a) the decline in service utility of the capital asset is large in magnitude and (b) the event or change in circumstances is outside the normal life cycle of the capital asset. No impairment losses were identified or recognized for the year ended June 30, 2025.

## NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method in the governmental- wide financial statements. Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the respective statement of net assets.

The estimated useful lives of various classes of capital assets are as follows:

Buildings 40 years
Building Improvements 10 years
Furniture, machinery and equipment 5-7 years
Road, sidewalk, and bridge improvements 12-15 years

#### Net Position and Fund Balance

Net position on the statement of net position is the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is restricted when constraints are placed on net assets use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or contributors or regulations of governments, or imposed by law.

The City's policy is to use restricted assets according to budgeted amounts.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes for the governmental fund financial statements.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below.

- 1. Nonspendable, such as fund balance amounts associated with inventories, prepaids, long- term loans and notes receivable; and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).
- Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Council.
- 4. Assigned fund balance classification is intended to be used by the government for specific purpose but not meeting the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- 5. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

#### Expenditures/Expenses

In the government - wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are classified by character and function. In the fund financial statements governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources.

The City's policy for spending restricted resources is to allocate disbursements to restricted funds to the extent such disbursements were budgeted to be paid from restricted fund.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires City's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities; and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statement; and the reported amounts of receipts and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2-CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and cash equivalents and investments are recorded at costs (which approximates market value) and consists of the following:

	Government Fund Type							
	-			Special				
Cash and Cash Equivalents		General	_	Revenue		Total		
General Fund Checking		13,608			\$	13,608		
PNC Investments		529,568				529,568		
Municipal Road Aid			\$	64,916		64,916		
Total		543,176	\$	64,916	\$	608,092		

At June 30, 2025, the City's held deposit balances in excess of FDIC coverage limitations.

#### NOTE 3-CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

The following summarizes the changes to capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2025

÷	Balance 7/1/2024	Additions		Disposals		Balance 06/30/2025
Infrastructure	\$ 653,428	\$ -0-	\$	-0-	\$	653,428
Street Signs	54,177	-0-		-0-		54,177
Land	256,640	-0-		-0-		256,640
Furniture	14,022	9,239		-0-		23,241
Total Capital Assets	\$ 978,247	\$ 9,239	\$	-0-	\$	987,486
Less Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 300,825	\$ 51,466	_\$_	-0-	_\$_	352,291
Capital Assets Net	\$ 677,422	\$ (42,227)	\$	-0-	\$	635,195

#### NOTE 3-CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION (Continued)

Depreciation was charged to function on the Statement of Activities as follows:

General Government	\$ 1,601
Public Works	<u>49,865</u>
Total	<u>\$ 51,466</u>

#### **NOTE 4- RISK MANAGEMENT**

The City is subject to normal insurance risks as other cities it size. The City carries general liability, worker's compensation and errors and omissions coverage. The City has not had any significant reduction in coverage in the past year.

#### **NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS**

The City has the following contractual commitments at June 30, 2025.

• The City has contractual commitment for police protection at June 30, 2025.

#### NOTE 6 - LONG - TERM DEBT

The City entered into an agreement with Kentucky Bond Corporation (KBC) on August 2, 2018 for financing the purchase of land. The agreement terminates on February 1, 2033. The agreement requires monthly payments of principal, interest, and fees. The note has 3.25% interest rate.

Changes in Long – term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2025 are as follows:

	July 1 <u>2024</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	June 30 <u>2025</u>	Due within <u>One Year</u>
Notes from					
Borrowing	<u>\$143,750</u>		\$ 15,000	\$128,750	\$ 15,000

Interest expense on all loans during 2025 was \$4,672.

Maturity of the long-term debt are as follows:

	Principal	_	Interest
2026	15,000		4,187
2027	15,000		3,411
2028	12,500		2,438
2029	12,500		2,438
2030-2033	73,750		6,909
	\$ 128,750	\$	19,393

#### **NOTE 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

City management has evaluated subsequent events through September 12, 2025 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no material subsequent events that required recognition or additional disclosure in these financial statements.

## CITY OF ROLLING HILLS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Fund Balance Beginning		491,884		\$491,884	\$	538,573	\$	46,689
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	166,840		166,840	\$	165,761		(1,079)
Insurance premium taxes		76,000		76,000		105,130		29,130
Bank Deposits taxes		33,000		33,000		36,051		3,051
Franchise taxes		21,300		21,300		5,399		(15,901)
Municipal Road Aid						20,342		20,342
Police		4,600		4,600		4,933		333
Rental Income		-			•	14,200		14,200
License and Permits				-		3,800		3,800
Misc. Income		-		-		582		582
Sanitation		5,750		5,750		5,754		4
Grants				*		4,560		4,560
Total Revenue		307,490		307,490		366,512		59,022
Total Revenue and Resources		307,490		307,490		905,085		105,711
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		153,560		153,560		134,490		19,070
Public Works		138,500		138,500		117,605		20,895
Public Saftey		43,400		43,400		35,100		8,300
Total Expenditures	*******	335,460		335,460		287,195		48,265
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(27,970)		(27,970)		79,317		107,287
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
New Loan Proceeds				-				
Debt and Interest		(149,482)		(149,482)		(19,672)		129,810
Transfers from Reserves				-		-		-
Capital Assets		-		-		(9,239)		-
Interest Income		19,000		19,000	<del>,</del>	26,769		7,769
Total Other Financing Sources	\$	(130,482)	\$	(130,482)	\$	(2,142)	\$	137,579
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(158,452)	\$	(158,452)	\$ ,	77,175	\$	244,866
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	333,432	\$	333,432	\$	615,748	\$	291,555

#### CITY OF ROLLING HILLS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Fund Balance Beginning	37204	37204	\$ 42,435	\$ 5,231
REVENUES  Municipal road aid	22,500	22,500	20,342	(2,158)
Totol Revenue	22,500	22,500	20,342	(2,158)
EXPENDITURES  Roads sidewalks and signs	55,000	55,000	-	(55,000)
Total Expenditures	55,000	55,000		(55,000)
Excess of revenue over Expenditures	(32,500)	(32,500)	20,342	52,842
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers from Reserves	-	-	2,139	2,139
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(32,500)	(32,500)	22,481	54,981
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	(32,500)	(32,500)	64,916	60,212

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLAINCE AND OTHER MATIERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Council of the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the financial statement of the governmental activities, each major fund and aggregate fund information of the City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky as of and for the year June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated September 12, 2025.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

in planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting (internal control); to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements; but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

City of Rolling Hills, KY Internal Control Pg. 2

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Rolling Hills, Kentucky's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results to that testing; and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richard F. Paulmann, CPA, LLC.
Richard F. Paulmann

Pewee Valley, KY September 12, 2025